	F#514-1 Diagnostics Sample Submission Form
FarmLab	Rev No: 11.0

Vet Practice (Stamp or Block Capitals)

Client Details (Please Print)

Email:

Practice email:

Submitting Vet Name:

Submitting Vet Mobile Phone:

Client Herd number:

Sample Details ¹⁸				
Sample Type: Saeces Blood Milk Nasal Swab CEM Swab ²² Tissue				
Other (Specify)				
Animal ID (Tag n	Animal ID (Tag no./ Microchip No/CSV File Name):			
For Multiple anim	als fill in on reverse o	f sheet or by se	parate CSV file, if u	ising csv file, enter file name above
Name of animal	(or breeding)			
Type of animal/	Brief History			
Date of Sampling	3			
How do you wisl	n samples to be tes	ted? Individu	al/Pooled (Please	e delete one)
Test code:	Tube Descr	iption:	Test code:	Test Description:
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
I wish to have details transferred to the following databases (lick where appropriate)				
ICBF (For	r AHI programmes)		VetImpre	SS
Submitted by:				
(Print Name)		(Signature)	(Date)

Before submitting samples, clients should ensure that they have read and understood FarmLab Diagnostics Terms and Conditions, and Sample packaging instructions available at <u>www.farmlab.ie</u>^{19.} Clients should also familiarise themselves with the explanatory notes below

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Multiple Samples

Multiple samples should be recorded in the table below. If numbers are supplied separately via csv file, the csv file name should be inserted in the Animal ID section above.

Animal ID ¹	Tube Code

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Explanatory Notes

- 1. Animal ID and farmer herd number must be filled in for BVD and Johnes (MAP) testing. All positive results will be notified to the Department of Agriculture Food and the Marine in accordance with our terms and conditions.
- Elisa antibody tests detect the presence of antibodies after an animal has been exposed to challenge either by natural infection, or in some cases, vaccination. The sensitivity and specificity of each test may vary. For more information please contact FarmLab Diagnostics
- 3. PCR tests detect the presence of DNA or RNA from the organism being tested for in the samples submitted. Positive results indicate that the organism is present in the sample. PCR tests will detect the presence of dead as well as living organisms. BVD antigen Elisa tests detect the presence of BVD virus in blood. This test is not suitable for use in calves less than 3 months old
- 4. BVD virus PCR tests detect the presence of BVDV RNA. The test may be carried out on blood, milk or ear notches. Samples may be pooled, however calves less than 60days of age must be tested individually.
- 5. MAP PCR detects the presence of Mycobacterium avium paratuberculosis DNA in faeces (Johnes Disease). A positive results indicates that there is a high probability that the faeces contains MAP organisms. A negative result does not mean that the animal is free of Johnes Disease infection. This test is usually used as an ancillary test for animals which are suspected as being infected with MAP either on clinical signs, or as a result of a positive MAP elisa blood test.
- 6. Tick borne fever PCR detects the presence of Anaplasma marginale and Anaplasma phagocytophilum. Please submit individual blood samples in EDTA sampling tubes. Samples from up to 6 animals may be pooled in the laboratory to reduce the cost of testing
- 7. Histophilus somni PCR detects the presence of H.Somni DNA. It may be used on nasal swabs or lung tissue. H Somni is often a commensal in the upper respiratory tract
- 8. Mannheimia haemolytica PCR . Detects the presence of M.haemolytica serotypes most commonly associated with outbreaks of bovine respiratory disease.
- 9. Mycoplasma PCR detects the presence of Mycoplasma bovis. Suitable samples include milk, nasal swabs, joint fluid.
- 10. Milk PCR detects the presence of the organisms most commonly associated with infectious mastitis in cows. This test is suitable for use on individual and bulk tank samples. Positive results may be obtained even due to the presence of killed organisms.
- 11. Abortion PCR. This test detects the presence of organisms associated with abortion in cattle or sheep. The significance of positive chlamydia results in cattle is not fully understood. Suitable samples include placenta and foetal tissues(Kidney and brain). A sample of blood should be submitted separately for brucellosis testing to the DAFM blood testing laboratory by the submitting veterinary surgeon.
- 12. Abortion PCR tests should only be submitted on special FLOQ swabs available on request from Farmlab
- 13. Respiratory virus PCR. This test detects the presence of viruses associated with respiratory outbreaks in cattle. Submitting vets may also wish to consider including tests listed at 7,8 and 9 above. Plain cotton swabs which have been pre-moistened with saline should be used. Please ensure samples reach the laboratory as soon as possible. Where possible samples should be refrigerated before posting.
- 14. For further information on test interpretation please refer to our "Guide to the interpretation of parasitology results which is available on our website.
- 15. Samples for milk culture should be taken aseptically from individual cows with clinical or subclinical mastitis. Udder quarters which are subclinically infected may be identified by using the somatic cell count test (17) or the California mastitis test. Standard milk culture is unsuitable for Bulk tank milk samples. For more information on BTM testing please contact the laboratory.
- 16. Sensitivity testing is carried out using antibiotic sensitivity discs on the predominant bacteria sp. which is identified on culture.
- 17. We recommend using the whole IBR Tank Milk test for bulk tank milk samples due to higher sensitivity. Test is suitable for use on pools of up to 128 animals. It is recommended to use the test as a monitoring tool and repeat 3-4 times yearly. A negative result does not indicate freedom from disease, herds with a low, less than 10%, within herd prevalence may yield a negative result.
- 18. Other testing requests should be discussed with the laboratory before submission to clarify your testing requirements, and test availability. Requests for testing large numbers of samples (e.g greater than 500) should be notified to the laboratory in advance
- 19. Please fill in all elements of the "sample details". A valid tag number is required for all animals which are tested for BVDV and MAP. Tag numbers may be submitted separately on a printed list or excel file where it is not feasible to write all numbers on the submission form
- 20. By submitting this form we assume that you have read our terms and conditions available on our website at. Samples must be packaged in accordance with our sample packaging instructions available on our website.
- 21. Please indicate by circling "Y" if you wish sample results to be transferred to either the ICBF or VetImpress databases
- 22. CEM swabs must be put on test within 48hrs of sampling. Where samples do not arrive in time to ensure this takes place a resample will be requested. Samples yielding a heavily contaminated culture growth may also have to be re-submitted. Complete Identification details should be submitted for all CEM samples. Details of CEM sample results will be shared with the Department of Agriculture

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Lists of individual tests and test	EL18Bluetongue Virus Antibody Elisa
combinations	EL19 Bovine Leukosis Virus Antibody Elisa. Bovine
Large Animal Antibody Elisa tests	serum samples
FIGURDER Antibada Slice Line in unresidented	Large Animal Antigen immunoassay
herds	<u>tests</u>
ELO2 IBRgE Antibody Elisa. For use to detect naturally infected animals which may have been	^{IA01} BVD erns Elisa Cattle. Clotted Blood .Detects persistently infected BVD animals
vaccinated	^{IA02} Calf Scour test Calves Faeces Detection
ELO3IBR bulk tank milk antibody elisa. Highly	of rotavirus, coronavirus, E.coli, cryptosporidia
sensitive IBR antibody detection test for bulk tank samples from dairy herds	^{IA03} Lamb Faecal Scour test Lambs faeces Detection of rotavirus. coronavirus. E.coli.
ELO4 MAP antibody elisa. Johnes Disease test.	cryptosporidia
ELOS Leptospira hardjo antibody elisa. Cattle	Large Animal Profiles
EIOG Multispecies leptospira antibody elisa Cattle	^{BRAP} Respiratory Antibody Profile . IBRgE; BRSV; PI3; Mannheimia haemolytica; Mycoplasma bovis;
ELO7 Salmonella antibody elisa . Multispecies test for salmonella	Clotted blood sample required, please ensure tube full
ELOB Salmonella dublin elisa Exposure to Salmonella dublin	Fever IBRgE; BRSV; PI3; Mannheimia haemolytica; Mycoplasma bovis; TBF PCR. Clotted blood sample
EL09Neospora antibody elisa	plus EDTA sample required
EL10 Mannheimia haemolytica antibody elisa. Cattle. Clotted blood sample	^{BIA} Bovine Infertility Antibody Profile Neospora; IBRgE; Salmonella Dublin; Salmonella spp; BOHV4;
EL11Parainfluenza 3 (PI3) antibody elisa. Cattle.	Choring Information Antihophy Dusfile Chlorensia
Clotted blood sample	abortus; toxoplasma gondii; Salmonella spp.
EL12Bovine herpes 4 Antibody Elisa. Cattle. Clotted	Large Animal PCP tests
Clotted blood sample/ Bulk Tank Milk	BVD PCR Cattle Ear notch, blood samples
EL14Chlamydia abortus Antibody Elisa Sheep Clotted blood sample	^{PC02} Johnes Disease PCR Cattle, Sheep, goats faeces. Detection of Mycobacterium avium
EL15 Toxoplasma antibody Elisa Test	paratuberculosis
EL16 Schmallenberg Virus Cattle, sheep Clotted blood sample/ Bulk tank Milk	PC04Tick Borne Fever PCR Cattle, sheep. EDTA blood samples. Detection of Anaplasma phagoctyophilium
EL17Q Fever Antibody Elisa Test	



PC05Schmallenberg Virus PCR Cattle, Sheep	PA03Individual Lungworm Cattle, Sheep,
Tissues	Faeces Baermann Technique Samples will be tested individually
PC06Bluetongue Virus PCR	
^{PC07} Mycoplasma bovis PCR Cattle Milk, joint fluid, nasal swab, broncoalveolar lavage. Detection of mycoplasma bovis	PA04 Pooled Lungworm Cattle, Sheep Faeces Baermann Technique. Samples will be tested as one composite sample
PCOAOvine AbortionSheep PCRSwabfrom placenta or ovine foetusDetectionofToxoplasma gondii and Chlamydia abortusOf	^{PA05} Individual Fluke Cattle/ Sheep samples. Submitted samples will be tested individually for liver fluke and rumen fluke with sedimentation technique
PCBABovine abortion PCR Swab from placenta or bovine foetus Detection of Neospora caninum, leptospira spp	PA06 Pooled Fluke Cattle/ Sheep samples. Submitted samples will be tested as one pool for liver fluke and rumen fluke with sedimentation technique
PCBR Respiratory Cattle PCR Detection of IBR,PI3, Coronavirus, BRSV, Mannheimia haemolytica,Histophilus sommni, Mycoplasma bovis in nasal	PA07 Coccidia oocyst count and speciation. Cattle, sheep, pigs, poultry Faeces
swabs/ BAL fluid or Lung Tissue	PA08 Liver Fluke Coproantigen test Cattle,
PCMA MastitisPCR Detection of mastitis causing organisms in cattle	Sheep Immunoassay for earlier detection of liver fluke in faecal samples
Food Animal Bacteriology	EL31 Bulk Tank Milk Ostertagia test Dairy Cattle. Detection of gutworm antibodies in bulk tank milk samples
1000 Animal Bacteriology	EL32 Fasciola hepatica antibody elisa Detection of
^{BA01} Mastitis Culture Milk sample, no preservative. Antimicrobial sensitivity testing also provided	exposure to liver fluke in serum or milk samples from cattle
^{BA02} Skin swab/ abscess culture Cattle, sheep, other species. Antimicrobial sensitivity testing also provided	Other Food Animal Tests
	MEPMatabalalic Profile Ca. Mg. Glucosa Total
Food Animal Parasitology PA01Individual Intestinal Roundworms and	Protein, βhydroxybutyrate, NEFA. Clotted serum sample Use to detect metabolic status and energy balance in dairy cows
coccidia. Cattle, sheep, Faeces McMasterTechnique. Samples will be tested individually.Does not include a coccidia count or speciation	MPFMineral Profile Cu, GPx, Zn, Thyroxine(T4), Ca, Mg Cattle/ sheep Clotted serum sample and Lithium heparin blood
PA02 Pooled Intestinal Roundworms and coccidia. Cattle, sheep, Faeces Mc Master Technique.	sccSomatic Cell Count Milk Sample from Dairy Cattle
composite samples will be tested as one composite sample. Does not include coccidia count or speciation	PAG Milk Pregnancy Test Detection of pregnancy associated glycoproteins from 30 days of gestation in milk or blood samples from bovines

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HAEME Haematology Complete blood count. EDTA sample required	Equine Tests	
MALD MALDI-TOF Available on special request as an	Equine Microbiology	
ancillary test for speciation of bacteria following culture	CEMM CEM Swab Mares Must be taken on charcoal swab, must reach lab within 48hrs of sampling. 7	
Food Animal Biochemistry Tests	CEMS CEM Swahr Stallion 2 charcoal swahr por	
BIOR Biochemistry analysis Urea, Creatinine, Alkaline phosphatase, Total protein, GGT, GLDH Cattle/ Sheep Clotted serum sample	stallion. Must reach lab within 48hrs of sampling. 7 day minimum turnaround.	
MPF Mineral Profile Cu, GPx, Zn, Thyroxine(T4), Ca, Mg Cattle/ sheep Clotted serum sample and Lithium hanarin blood	EMC Endometrial Lavage or Swab Culture Aerobic and anaerobic culture and sensitivity testing. Minimum turnaround 3 days.	
^{co} Cobalt Assay. Available on special request. €50+ per sample	AwsAbscess / Wound Swab Culture Culture and sensitivity testing, minimum 2 day turnaround	
^ю Iodine Assay. Available on special request. €50+ per sample	Equine PCR Testing	
^{cu} Copper Serum or plasma	^{LAWS} Lawsonia Intracellularis. Special Request	
^{GPx} Gluthathione Peroxidase Lithium Hep blood	REQI Rhodococcus equi. Special Request	
^{zn} Zinc	STPCRStreptococcus equi PCR. Special request	
^{Ca} Calcium		
M ^B Magnesium	Equine Parasitology	
^{T4} Thyroxine Serum sample	Ewc Equine Worm Egg Count Roundworm count on faecal samples	
^{GLU} Glucose	ELL Equine Lungworm Larvae	
^{TP} Total Protein		
^{BHB} βhydroxybutyrate	Fauine Serology Testing	
NEFA NEFA	Ela Equine Infectious Anaemia Elica test	
^{URE} Urea	EVA Equino Viral Artoritis Elisa test	
CRECreatinine	CEIA Coggins - Equine Infectious Anaemia AGID	
^{AP} Alkaline phosphatase	confirmation test for EIA	
^{TP} Total protein	PBSC Pre-Breeding Screen. Elisa for EIA and EVA	
GGT Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase	STRE Strangles Elisa Elisa test for Streptococcus equi	
GLDH Glutamate Dehydrogenase		
	The Equine Influenza A Antibody elisa test	

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Equine Blood Profiles	
HAEMEEquine Haematology Full blood count	
BIOE Equine Biochemistry Total protein, albumin, globulin, AST, CK, GGT, Iron, Sodium, Potassium, Chloride	
EMP Equine Mineral profile Calcium, Phosphate, Copper, Mg, GPX, T4	
FIGG Foal IGG For determination of passive transfer of colostrum	
Equine Genetic Tests	
WFFSWarmblood Fragile Foal Syndrome Available on special request. EDTA blood or hair roots from tail	
HWSD Connemara Pony Hoof Wall Separation Disease. Available on special request. EDTA blood or hair roots from tail.	